MEDICAID UNWINDING:
Requires a “redetermination” application
to continue Medicaid & DDD services

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www.mainstreamingmedicalcare.org

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COVID pandemic started in March 2020, and the federal government declared a Public Health Emergency (PHE) and “continuous Medicaid enrollment”. No one was terminated from Medicaid since March 2020.

Continuous Medicaid enrollment will end soon. Starting in April 2023, everyone who has Medicaid from NJ will receive a redetermination application. This process will be spread out over 12 months.

This process is known as “Unwinding” from the continuous Medicaid requirement.

The PHE was de-linked from continuous enrollment. PHE will end May 11, 2023.
Medicaid unwinding does **not** apply to people who receive SSI and Medicaid.

But sometimes Social Security does redeterminations for disability beneficiaries. **Respond promptly to any requests for information from Social Security or Medicaid!**
Medicaid unwinding does apply to everyone who is not receiving SSI, including having Medicaid in the following situations:

- Receiving SSDI due to the retirement, disability or passing away of a parent (DAC status).
- Receiving SSDI on work record of person with IDD.
- Receiving RSDI – Retirement, Survivors & Disability Insurance
- NJ WorkAbility Medicaid.
- Community Medicaid.
- “Non-DAC” Medicaid.
- Managed Long-Term Services and Supports (MLTSS)
- NJ FamilyCare/Medicaid expansion (not a disability Medicaid category)
NJ FamilyCare and Medicaid are the same!

Whenever you receive mail from NJ FamilyCare or Medicaid you must respond promptly, with accurate information.
What you can do now:

- Don’t exceed Medicaid’s maximum allowable resource limit (usually $2,000). This maximum also applies if receiving SSI.
- **Exception:** If received a back-payment from Social Security – 9 months to spend-down.
- With NJ WorkAbility – current resource limit is $20,000.
- Consider ABLE account, if appropriate.
- Be sure Medicaid has current mailing address. Call 1-800-701-0710, if need to confirm that Medicaid has current address.
Four case examples
James started to receive SSI and Medicaid at age 18. He started to receive DDD services at age 21.

James is now 35 years old. He has never been employed and neither parent is receiving Social Security retirement, or disability benefits. Both parents are alive.

James is still receiving SSI and Medicaid and his parents will not need to complete a Medicaid redetermination application from NJ FamilyCare/Medicaid. But if Social Security sends any requests for information, the parents must respond promptly.

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Alisha started to receive SSI and Medicaid at age 18. She started to receive DDD services at age 21.

Alisha is now 35 years old. She has worked part-time (10 hours/week) for many years. Alisha started to receive SSDI on her own work record, but because the SSDI amount is low ($350/month) she receives both SSDI income and SSI income every month.

Neither of Alisha’s parents are receiving Social Security retirement or disability benefits. Both parents are alive.

Because Alisha is still receiving some SSI income every month, her parents will not need to complete a Medicaid redetermination application from NJ FamilyCare/Medicaid. But if Social Security sends any requests for information, the parents must respond promptly.
Damian started to receive SSI and Medicaid at age 18. He started to receive DDD services at age 21.

Damian is now 35 years old. He has never been employed. Damian’s mother started collecting her Social Security retirement benefit a few years ago. Mom completed additional paperwork for Social Security. Damian’s SSI stopped because he started to receive SSDI ($1,300/mo.) on his mother’s work record.

When Damian’s SSDI benefit was starting, DDD sent Damian’s mother a Request for Information (RFI) packet for Damian. Mom completed the RFI Medicaid application promptly, and Damian now has NJ Medicaid instead of the SSI/Medicaid “package.” Mom will need to complete the Medicaid redetermination application promptly whenever it arrives in the mail.
Kimberly was not eligible for SSI because her father passed away when she was 16, and she received an SSDI survivor’s benefit of $1,600/month.

Prior to her 21st birthday, Kimberly was approved for NJ Medicaid from the DDD Waiver Unit, and her mom submitted a Medicaid application. Kimberly received DDD services at age 21.

Kimberly’s mother has completed Medicaid renewals for her daughter in the past, most recently in June, 2022.

Mom will need to complete the Medicaid redetermination application promptly whenever it arrives in the mail (which may be in June, 2023).
How the Medicaid managed care organizations (MCOs) are helping

Medicaid MCOs are helping with member-specific outreach:

1. Transmitting updated enrollee contact information to NJ Medicaid.

2. Starting in March 2023: Medicaid MCOs should reach out to enrollees who are set to receive a Medicaid renewal in the coming month, and encourage them to watch for the renewal in the mail.
A question on page 1 of the application asks if applicant needs Long-Term Services and Supports such as dressing, bathing or mobility assistance. **The answer is “no.”**

A “yes” answer may lead to a huge problem and delay in Medicaid approval because Medicaid staff may think person needs nursing home care!
What if the deadline to return the renewal application is only a day or two after it is received?

- The County Medicaid offices are required to extend the deadline printed in the letter accompanying the renewal application for a reasonable amount of time upon request.
What should families do if the bank account of the person with IDD exceeds the $2,000 limit as soon as the SSDI money is deposited?

• “The SSDI benefits are income in the month received and a resource in the month after. These funds should be spent down each month paying for living expenses or for anything for the sole benefit of the recipient. The funds deposited in the bank account at the beginning of the month will not count as a resource when the CWA (Medicaid office) does a renewal.”
When Medicaid staff are reviewing the renewal applications:

If Medicaid staff determine that some individuals are not eligible for Medicaid in the category they previously had, they are required to review for all other Medicaid categories for which that person may be eligible.
ABLE ACCOUNTS
Persons with disabilities can deposit up to $17,000/year in an ABLE tax-exempt savings account.

Eligibility: Must be receiving SSI or SSDI.

If resources are too high, can transfer money into ABLE account, to keep Medicaid eligibility.

ABLE accounts won't affect continuing financial eligibility for Medicaid, SSI and other public benefits.
Can open ABLE account in NJ or another state. 
https://savewithable.com/nj/home.html

Visit the ABLE National Resource Center website www.ablenrc.org, for state-specific information. Great website; webinars; state-by-state comparisons.

Important: Upon the death of the beneficiary, the state in which he/she lived may file a claim for all or a portion of the funds in the ABLE account to recoup costs paid by the state while the beneficiary was receiving services through the state Medicaid program.
Achieving a Better Life Experience (ABLE) Act

Why the need for an ABLE Account?
The ABLE Act allows individuals with intellectual and developmental disabilities to set up tax-deferred savings accounts to save for any expenses including but not limited to:
- Education, housing, transportation, employment training and support, assistive technology, personal support services, health, prevention and wellness, financial management and administrative services, legal fees, funeral and burial expenses and basic living expenses. *Distribution for non-qualified expenditures will be subject to tax consequences and may affect eligibility for federal means tested benefits.

Important Updates
The ABLE Age Adjustment Act, which increases the age of disability onset to access an ABLE account from age 26 to age 46, was included in the FY2023 Omnibus Appropriations Bill. The change becomes effective in 2026. ABLE accounts are generally exempt from counting as a resource for public benefits but are capped at $100,000 for purposes of Supplemental Security Income (SSI).

Who is eligible?
- ABLE accounts are available to individuals with disabilities with an age onset of disability before turning 26 years of age.
- If an individual meets this age criteria and also receives benefits under SSI and/or SSDI the individual is automatically eligible to establish an ABLE account.
- If an individual meets the age criteria but is not a recipient of SSI and/or SSDI, the individual can still open an ABLE account if they meet social security’s definition and criteria regarding functional limitation and if they receive a letter of certification from a licensed physician.

Note: An individual can be over 26 and open an account, but must have had the age of onset of disability before the individual's 26th birthday.

What are the benefits?
ABLE accounts are beneficial because they financially empower an individual with intellectual and developmental disabilities. They provide more choice and control for an individual and family. Accounts do this by:
- Offering tax-deferred growth potential that is tax-free as long as withdrawals are used for qualified disability related expenses (https://bit.ly/33M8pBC).
- Not affecting eligibility for SSI, Medicaid, and other public benefits as long as certain conditions are met.

Note: 529 College Savings Account Rollover Provision allows funds in a 529 college savings account to be rolled over into a 529A account (ABLE Account). This is capped at $17,000 a year and this provision will expire in 2026.

Account Information
- Total annual contribution is $17,000
- Maximum account balance is $205,000 in NJ (varies by state)
- “This could change over time
- If there is more than $100,000 in the ABLE account, an individual's SSI payments will be suspended (not terminated). Medicaid benefits are NOT suspended.

Note: Medicaid Payback - Any assets remaining in the ABLE account when a beneficiary dies can be used to reimburse a state for Medicaid payments made on behalf of the beneficiary after the creation of the ABLE account.

Resources
- ABLE Accounts for People with Disabilities (https://bit.ly/3tBxKJo)
- Roadmap to Enrollment (https://www.ablenc.org/get-started/)

The Achieving a Better Life Experience (ABLE) Act was enacted on December 19, 2014.
NJ WorkAbility Expansion
Phase 1: Anticipated implementation in April, 2023:

- Allows for continuation of NJ Workability for 12 months after a job loss.
- Expands eligibility to those 65 and older, i.e., no one who has NJ WorkAbility will be terminated on 65\textsuperscript{th} birthday.
- Eliminates asset limits. (current limit is $20,000.)
- Removes consideration of spouse’s income.
Phase 2 implementation: No date has been announced yet. ("as soon as possible")

- Anticipate that removing the regulation on "unearned" income from parent’s SSDI will be part of Phase 2.
- In 2023: $1,215/mo. in SSDI from a parent’s work record is threshold for NJ WorkAbility eligibility (until Phase 2 implementation).
If person with IDD already has NJ WorkAbility, we anticipate their Medicaid redetermination will be during the last 3 months of the unwinding process (Jan. – March 2024).
Medial Assistance Customer Centers - MACC Offices - Part 1

- **Camden Office**
  - **Serves**: Burlington, Gloucester, Mercer, Salem, Atlantic, Cape May, Cumberland, and Camden
  - **Address**: One Port Center, 2 Riverside Dr., Suite 300, Camden, NJ 08103-1018
  - **Contact Person**: Patricia Dana, Director - Patricia.Dana@dhs.nj.gov
  - **Phone Number**: (856) 209-0520

- **Essex Office**
  - **Serves**: Hudson and Essex
  - **Address**: 153 Halsey St., 4th Floor, Newark, NJ 07102-2807
  - **Contact Person**: Carmen Morgan, Director - Carmen.morgan@dhs.nj.gov
  - **Phone Number**: (862) 682-4430

[www.arcnj.org](http://www.arcnj.org)
● Monmouth Office
  ○ Serves: Hunterdon, Middlesex, Ocean, Somerset, Union, and Monmouth
  ○ Address: 100 Daniels Way, 1st Floor, Freehold, NJ 07728-2668
  ○ Contact Person: Ellen McCormack, Director - Ellen.McCormack@dhs.nj.gov
  ○ Phone Number: (908) 430-0231

● Passaic Office
  ○ Address: 100 Hamilton Plaza, 5th Floor, Paterson, NJ 07505-2109
  ○ Contact Person: Susan Wojtasek, Director - Susan.M.Wojtasek@dhs.nj.gov
  ○ Phone Number: (862) 338-9890 www.arcnj.org
Timeline for Eligibility Unwinding

2022
Outreach began
Communications campaign underway

12/29/22
H.R. 2617 is enacted; requires states to restart renewals by 4/1/23

4/1/23
Eligibility reviews resume
States have 12 months to initiate eligibility processes for all members

5/31/2023
Initial disenrollments occur (handful of cases from April mailing if no appeal)

4/1/24
All pending renewals from PHE period have been sent by DMAHS

Post 6/1/24
Likely ongoing “good faith” cases and fair hearings

May 2022
MCO member outreach kicked off: Priority on members who did not respond to recent mailings

Early 2023
Preparation for April 1 resumption of eligibility activities
Implementation of omnibus requirements

April 2023
Ex-parte processes
First renewal mailings that may result in disenrollment are sent

2023-2024
Continuing high volume of outreach, renewal, and fair hearing activity

5/31/24
All renewals from the PHE are complete, per federal requirements
What you should know if a person with IDD receives a Medicaid termination notice:

- The Arc of New Jersey is presenting a webinar on the Medicaid fair hearing process: **Monday, March 20, 2023 at noon**.
- The webinar speakers will include Michael R. Brower, Legal Director, from Disability Rights New Jersey.
- Registration information will be distributed in a couple of weeks.